

## Chenies School Maths Overview

Years: 1 &amp; 2 Class: Monet

Autumn Term	Strand	Year 1 Objectives	Year 2 Objectives
Week 1 Place Value	Counting and estimation Teens and place value in 2-digit numbers	Compare numbers to at least 20. Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals and read numbers in words to 20.	Identify any number on 1-100 grid; understand that each is a multiple of ten and some ones.  Locate any 2-digit number on a 1-100 grid or a landmarked line; use this to order and compare numbers with $<$ , $>$ and $=$ signs.  Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals; make recognisable attempts to write in words.
Week 2 Place value	Numbers on a line – compare and order  Count to 100 – 1 more/less, ordinals	Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals and read numbers in words to 20.  Count on and back in tens from any 1-digit or 2-digit number, e.g. 23, 33, 43, 53... Continue to just over 100.  Count on and back in ones to and from 100 and from any 1-digit or 2-digit number; given a number up to 100, identify one more and one less.	Identify any number on 1-100 grid; understand that each is a multiple of ten and some ones.  Locate any 2-digit number on a 1-100 grid or a landmarked line; use this to order and compare numbers with $<$ , $>$ and $=$ signs.  Count on and back in 10s from any number.
Week 3 Addition and subtraction	Partition number bonds, learn number bonds	Know number bonds to 10, e.g. $5 + 5$ , $6 + 4$ , etc. Also know what is left if objects are taken from 10, e.g. 10 fingers, fold down 4, leaves 6 standing.  Begin to know pairs which make 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 20.  Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories.	Know securely number pairs for all the numbers up to and including 20, e.g. pairs which make 15 ( $7+8$ , $6+9$ , $5+10$ , $4+11$ , $3+12$ , $2+13$ , $1+14$ , $0+15$ ).  Recognise that addition and subtraction are inverse operations; use addition to check subtractions and solve missing number problems.

<p>Week 4</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Add by counting on in 1s or 10s</p>	<p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions.</p> <p>Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p>	<p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total &lt; 100 by counting on in 10s and 1s.</p>
<p>Week 5</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Counting back – understanding + and -</p>	<p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions.</p> <p>Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories.</p>	<p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total &lt; 100 by counting on in 10s and 1s.</p> <p>Count back in ones or tens or use number facts to take away, e.g. <math>27-3 =</math> or <math>54-20 =</math>.</p> <p>Recognise that addition and subtraction are inverse operations; use addition to check subtractions and solve missing number problems.</p> <p>Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of numbers, quantities and measures, using recall of number facts and appropriate models and images.</p>
<p>Week 6</p> <p>Assessment week</p>			
<p>Week 7</p> <p>Measures</p>	<p>Comparing and measuring length</p>	<p>Compare objects according to height, length, weight, capacity, using appropriate mathematical language.</p> <p>Count uniform non-standard, then simple standard units to measure length/height, weight, capacity.</p>	<p>Choose/use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height, mass, temperature and capacity to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers, instruments.</p> <p>Compare and order objects according to length, (mass) weight and capacity using suitable units, and record the results using <math>&gt;</math>, <math>&lt;</math> and <math>=</math>.</p>

<p>Week 8</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Reinforce and consolidate number bonds</p> <p>Use number facts to add and subtract</p>	<p>Know number bonds to 10, e.g. <math>5 + 5</math>, <math>6 + 4</math>, etc. Also know what is left if objects are taken from 10, e.g. 10 fingers, fold down 4, leaves 6 standing</p> <p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories</p>	<p>Know different unit patterns when adding or subtracting, first when not crossing a ten and then when crossing a ten, in numbers up to 100.</p> <p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total <math>&lt; 100</math> by counting on in 10s and 1s.</p>
<p>Week 9</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Use number facts to add and subtract</p> <p>Add and subtract 10s and 1s</p>	<p>Count on and back in ones to and from 100 and from any 1-digit or 2-digit number; given a number up to 100, identify one more and one less.</p> <p>Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p>	<p>Begin to count up to find a difference between two numbers with a small gap, e.g. <math>42-38</math></p> <p>Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of numbers, quantities and measures, using recall of number facts and appropriate models and images</p> <p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total <math>&lt; 100</math> by counting on in 10s and 1s</p>
<p>Week 10</p> <p>Time</p>	<p>Tell the time to half and quarter hours</p> <p>Understand units of time</p>	<p>Tell the time to the half hour on analogue and digital clocks.</p> <p>Use the language of time including days, months, earlier, later, yesterday, minutes, hours, days, weeks and years</p>	<p>Begin to tell and write the time on digital and analogue clocks to the nearest 5 minutes.</p> <p>Know number of minutes in an hour and hours in a day; use it to compare/ sequence intervals of time.</p>
<p>Week 11</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Use different strategies for addition</p>	<p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions.</p> <p>11. Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p>	<p>Add two or three 1-digit numbers, using counting on and/or number facts.</p> <p>10. Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total <math>&lt; 100</math> by counting on in 10s and 1s.</p>
<p>Week 12</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Coin recognition, find amounts and change</p>	<p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories</p>	<p>Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of numbers, quantities and measures, using recall of number facts and appropriate models and images</p>

		<p>Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.</p> <p>Sort items into lists or tables</p>	<p>Recognise/use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts, find different combinations of coins that give the same amount.</p> <p>Solve simple problems in a practical context; add and subtract pence and pounds, including finding and giving change.</p>
<p>Week 13</p> <p>Fractions and multiplication</p>	<p>Understanding halves and quarters</p> <p>Doubling and halving, odd and even numbers</p>	<p>Recognise, find, name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape, quantity.</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity</p> <p>Recognise doubles to double 6 and find related halves (half even numbers up to 12).</p> <p>Solve simple problems involving multiplication/division, find answers with support using objects, pictorial representations or arrays.</p>	<p>Begin to recognise the equivalence of <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> on the number line and in other practical contexts.</p> <p>24. Understand <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{3}</math> as fractions of quantities in a practical context; solve problems using shapes, objects, quantities</p> <p>Double and halve numbers up to 20 and multiples of 5 to 50; recognise odd and even numbers</p> <p>Solve multiplication/division problems in context, using recall of <math>\times</math> <math>\div</math> facts, doubling, halving, arrays, 'clever counting'</p>
<p>Week 14</p> <p>Fractions and multiplication</p> <p>Assess</p>	<p>Counting in steps of 5 and 10</p>	<p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s from 0.</p> <p>Solve simple problems involving multiplication/division, find answers with support using objects, pictorial representations or arrays</p>	<p>Know 2x, 5x and 10x tables, and related division facts, e.g. saying how many 10s in 40; use <math>\times</math> and <math>\div</math> signs correctly</p> <p>Write multiplications and divisions, using <math>\times</math>, <math>\div</math> and <math>=</math> signs; calculate answers</p>

Spring Term	Strand	Year 1 Objectives	Year 2 Objectives
<p>Week 1</p> <p>Place value and number</p>	<p>2-digit place value</p> <p>Number and quantities</p>	<p>Count on and back in ones to and from 100 and from any 1-digit or 2-digit number; given a number up to 100, identify one more and one less.</p> <p>Locate any number on a 1-100 grid or a beaded line 0-100.</p>	<p>Identify any number on 1-100 grid; understand that each is a multiple of ten and some ones.</p> <p>4. Locate any 2-digit number on a 1-100 grid or a landmarked line; use this to order and compare numbers with <math>&lt;</math>, <math>&gt;</math> and <math>=</math> signs.</p>

		<p>Compare numbers to at least 20. Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals and read numbers in words to 20.</p>	<p>Count on and back in 10s from any number</p> <p>Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals; make recognisable attempts to write in words</p> <p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total &lt; 100 by counting on in 10s and 1s.</p> <p>11. Count back in ones or tens or use number facts to take away, e.g. <math>27-3 =</math> or <math>54-20 =</math>.</p>
<p>Week 2</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Mental addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Know number bonds to 10, e.g. <math>5 + 5</math>, <math>6 + 4</math>, etc. Also know what is left if objects are taken from 10, e.g. 10 fingers, fold down 4, leaves 6 standing.</p> <p>Begin to know pairs which make 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 20.</p> <p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions.</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories.</p>	<p>Use place value and number facts to solve problems, e.g. <math>60 - \square = 20</math></p> <p>Know securely number pairs for all the numbers up to and including 20, e.g. pairs which make 15 (<math>7+8</math>, <math>6+9</math>, <math>5+10</math>, <math>4+11</math>, <math>3+12</math>, <math>2+13</math>, <math>1+14</math>, <math>0+15</math>).</p> <p>Add two or three 1-digit numbers, using counting on and/or number facts.</p> <p>Show that addition of 2 numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction cannot.</p> <p>Recognise that addition and subtraction are inverse operations; use addition to check subtractions and solve missing number problems</p>

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<p>Week 3</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Adding and subtracting money</p>	<p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions.</p> <p>Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories.</p> <p>Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes</p>	<p>Recognise/use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts, find different combinations of coins that give the same amount.</p> <p>Solve simple problems in a practical context; add and subtract pence and pounds, including finding and giving change.</p>
<p>Week 4</p> <p>Money and time</p>	<p>Add and subtract pairs of 2-digit numbers</p> <p>Tell the time; units of time</p>	<p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s from 0.</p> <p>Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p> <p>Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.</p>	<p>Use place value and number facts to solve problems, e.g. <math>60 - \square = 20</math></p> <p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total &lt; 100 by counting on in 10s and 1s.</p> <p>Count back in ones or tens or use number facts to take away, e.g. <math>27 - 3 =</math> or <math>54 - 20 =</math>.</p>
<p>Week 5</p> <p>Money and time</p>	<p>Add and subtract pairs of 2-digit numbers</p> <p>Tell the time; units of time</p>	<p>Tell the time to the half hour on analogue and digital clocks.</p> <p>Use the language of time including days, months, earlier, later, yesterday, minutes, hours, days, weeks and years.</p> <p>Sequence events in chronological order.</p>	<p>Tell/write the time on digital/analogue clocks to <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> past, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> past and <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> to the hour; draw hands on a clock face to show these times.</p> <p>Begin to tell and write the time on digital and analogue clocks to the nearest 5 minutes.</p> <p>Know number of minutes in an hour and hours in a day; use it to compare/ sequence intervals of time</p>
<p>Week 6</p> <p>Measures and data</p> <p>Assessment</p>	<p>Compare and measure weight</p> <p>Measure and represent capacity</p>	<p>Compare objects according to height, length, weight, capacity, using appropriate mathematical language.</p> <p>Count uniform non-standard, then simple standard units to measure length/height, weight, capacity</p>	<p>Choose/use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height, mass, temperature and capacity to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers, instruments.</p> <p>Compare and order objects according to length, (mass) weight and capacity using suitable units, and record the results using &gt;, &lt; and = .</p>

<p>Week 7</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Addition</p>	<p>Know number bonds to 10, e.g. <math>5 + 5</math>, <math>6 + 4</math>, etc. Also know what is left if objects are taken from 10, e.g. 10 fingers, fold down 4, leaves 6 standing.</p> <p>Begin to know pairs which make 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 20.</p> <p>Begin to be aware of unit patterns, e.g. <math>2 + 4 = 6</math>, <math>12 + 4 = 16</math>, <math>22 + 4 = 26</math> etc.</p> <p>Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.</p>	<p>Use place value and number facts to solve problems, e.g. <math>60 - \square = 20</math></p> <p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total <math>&lt; 100</math> by counting on in 10s and 1s</p>
<p>Week 8</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Subtraction</p>	<p>Begin to be aware of unit patterns, e.g. <math>2 + 4 = 6</math>, <math>12 + 4 = 16</math>, <math>22 + 4 = 26</math> etc.</p> <p>Compare objects according to height, length, weight, capacity, using appropriate mathematical language.</p> <p>Count uniform non-standard, then simple standard units to measure length/height, weight, capacity.</p>	<p>Use place value and number facts to solve problems, e.g. <math>60 - \square = 20</math></p> <p>Count back in ones or tens or use number facts to take away, e.g. <math>27 - 3 =</math> or <math>54 - 20 =</math>.</p> <p>Begin to count up to find a difference between two numbers with a small gap, e.g. <math>42 - 38</math>.</p>
<p>Week 9</p> <p>Multiplication</p>	<p>Clever counting multiplication</p>	<p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s from 0.</p> <p>Recognise doubles to double 6 and find related halves (half even numbers up to 12).</p> <p>Recognise, find, name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape, quantity</p>	<p>Count from 0 in steps of 2, 3, 5 and 10.</p> <p>Count on and back in 10s from any number.</p> <p>Know 2x, 5x and 10x tables, and related division facts, e.g. saying how many 10s in 40; use x and <math>\div</math> signs correctly.</p>
<p>Week 10</p> <p>Multiplication</p>	<p>Relating multiplication and division</p>	<p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s from 0.</p> <p>Solve simple problems involving multiplication/division, find answers with support using objects, pictorial representations or arrays</p>	<p>Know 2x, 5x and 10x tables, and related division facts, e.g. saying how many 10s in 40; use x and <math>\div</math> signs correctly</p> <p>Write multiplications and divisions, using x, <math>\div</math> and = signs; calculate answers.</p> <p>Understand that multiplication can be done in any order (commutative) and division cannot.</p>

			Solve multiplication/division problems in context, using recall of $\times$ $\div$ facts, doubling, halving, arrays, 'clever counting'
Week 11 Fractions	Fractions	<p>Recognise doubles to double 6 and find related halves (half even numbers up to 12).</p> <p>Recognise, find, name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape, quantity.</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.</p>	<p>Count in halves and quarters, recognising fractions as numbers.</p> <p>23. Begin to recognise the equivalence of <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> on the number line and in other practical contexts.</p> <p>24. Understand <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{3}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{3}</math> as fractions of quantities in a practical context; solve problems using shapes, objects, quantities.</p>
Week 12 Shape	<p>2D shape</p> <p>Symmetry</p> <p>3D shape</p>	<p>Sort items into lists or tables.</p> <p>Recognise the difference between 2-D and 3-D shapes; name and describe common 2-D and 3-D shapes.</p>	<p>Identify/describe common 2-D shapes, referring to properties including on the surface of 3-D shapes; compare/sort 2-D shapes.</p> <p>Recognise symmetry in a vertical line</p> <p>Identify/describe common 3-D shapes, referring to no. of edges, vertices, faces (curved and flat); compare/sort 3-D shapes.</p>

Summer Term	Strand	Year 1 Objectives	Year 2 Objectives
Week 1 Place value and fractions	<p>Place value</p> <p>Fractions</p>	<p>Locate any number on a 1-100 grid or a beaded line 0-100.</p> <p>Compare numbers to at least 20.</p>	<p>Locate any 2-digit number on a 1-100 grid or a landmarked line; use this to order and compare numbers with <math>&lt;</math>, <math>&gt;</math> and <math>=</math> signs.</p>

		<p>Recognise, find, name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape, quantity.</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.</p>	<p>Count in halves and quarters, recognising fractions as numbers.</p> <p>Begin to recognise the equivalence of <math>\frac{2}{4}</math> and <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> on the number line and in other practical contexts.</p>
<p>Week 2</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p>	<p>Addition</p> <p>Subtraction</p>	<p>Count on and back in tens from any 1-digit or 2-digit number, e.g. 23, 33, 43, 53... Continue to just over 100</p> <p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories</p>	<p>Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total &lt; 100 by counting on in 10s and 1s</p> <p>Count back in ones or tens or use number facts to take away, e.g. <math>27-3 =</math> or <math>54-20 =</math>.</p> <p>Begin to count up to find a difference between two numbers with a small gap, e.g. <math>42-38</math></p>
<p>Week 3</p> <p>Multiplication and division</p>	<p>Multiplication and division</p>	<p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s from 0.</p> <p>Solve simple problems involving multiplication/division, find answers with support using objects, pictorial representations or arrays</p>	<p>Count from 0 in steps of 2, 3, 5 and 10.</p> <p>Know 2x, 5x and 10x tables, and related division facts, e.g. saying how many 10s in 40; use x and <math>\div</math> signs correctly.</p> <p>Write multiplications and divisions, using x, <math>\div</math> and = signs; calculate answers.</p> <p>Understand that multiplication can be done in any order (commutative) and division cannot.</p> <p>Solve multiplication/division problems in context, using recall of x /<math>\div</math> facts, doubling, halving, arrays, 'clever counting'</p>
<p>Week 4</p> <p>Position and Time</p>		<p>Tell the time to the half hour on analogue and digital clocks</p> <p>Sequence events in chronological order.</p>	<p>Begin to tell and write the time on digital and analogue clocks to the nearest 5 minutes.</p> <p>Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line.</p>

			Distinguish between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).
Week 5 Place value and addition	Place value in 2-digit numbers  Add and subtract 1-digit numbers using patterns	Count on and back in ones to and from 100 and from any 1-digit or 2-digit number; given a number up to 100, identify one more and one less.  Count on and back in tens from any 1-digit or 2-digit number, e.g. 23, 33, 43, 53... Continue to just over 100.  Compare numbers to at least 20.  Begin to be aware of unit patterns, e.g. $2 + 4 = 6$ , $12 + 4 = 16$ , $22 + 4 = 26$ etc.	Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals; make recognisable attempts to write in words.  Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total $< 100$ by counting on in 10s and 1s.  Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total $< 100$ by counting on in 10s and 1s.
Week 6 Place value and addition	Bonds to 10, complements to 10s numbers  Adding 3 numbers	Know number bonds to 10, e.g. $5 + 5$ , $6 + 4$ , etc. Also know what is left if objects are taken from 10, e.g. 10 fingers, fold down 4, leaves 6 standing.  Begin to know pairs which make 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 20.  Begin to be aware of unit patterns, e.g. $2 + 4 = 6$ , $12 + 4 = 16$ , $22 + 4 = 26$ etc.  Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.  Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories	Know securely number pairs for all the numbers up to and including 20, e.g. pairs which make 15 ( $7+8$ , $6+9$ , $5+10$ , $4+11$ , $3+12$ , $2+13$ , $1+14$ , $0+15$ ).  Know different unit patterns when adding or subtracting, first when not crossing a ten and then when crossing a ten, in numbers up to 100.  Add two or three 1-digit numbers, using counting on and/or number facts.  Add a 2-digit no. and tens; add two 2-digit numbers that total $< 100$ by counting on in 10s and 1s
Week 7 Subtraction and using money	Bridging 10 and counting up	Begin to be aware of unit patterns, e.g. $2 + 4 = 6$ , $12 + 4 = 16$ , $22 + 4 = 26$ etc.  Add small numbers by counting on; subtract small numbers by counting back.	Begin to count up to find a difference between two numbers with a small gap, e.g. $42-38$  Recognise that addition and subtraction are inverse operations; use addition to check

			subtractions and solve missing number problems.
<p>Week 8</p> <p>Subtraction and using money</p>	Finding totals and change	<p>Know number bonds to 10, e.g. <math>5 + 5</math>, <math>6 + 4</math>, etc. Also know what is left if objects are taken from 10, e.g. 10 fingers, fold down 4, leaves 6 standing</p> <p>Recognise the + and – and = signs, and use these to read and write simple additions and subtractions</p> <p>Solve missing number problems and addition/subtraction problems in number stories</p> <p>Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.</p>	<p>Know securely number pairs for all the numbers up to and including 20, e.g. pairs which make 15 (<math>7+8</math>, <math>6+9</math>, <math>5+10</math>, <math>4+11</math>, <math>3+12</math>, <math>2+13</math>, <math>1+14</math>, <math>0+15</math>).</p> <p>Add two or three 1-digit numbers, using counting on and/or number facts</p> <p>Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of numbers, quantities and measures, using recall of number facts and appropriate models and images.</p> <p>Recognise/use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts, find different combinations of coins that give the same amount.</p> <p>Solve simple problems in a practical context; add and subtract pence and pounds, including finding and giving change</p>
<p>Week 9</p> <p>Multiplication and division</p>	<p>Doubling and halving</p> <p>Multiplication and division</p>	<p>Recognise doubles to double 6 and find related halves (half even numbers up to 12).</p> <p>Recognise, find, name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape, quantity.</p> <p>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s from 0.</p> <p>Solve simple problems involving multiplication/division, find answers with support using objects, pictorial representations or arrays</p>	<p>Double and halve numbers up to 20 and multiples of 5 to 50; recognise odd and even numbers. Know 2x, 5x and 10x tables, and related division facts, e.g. saying how many 10s in 40; use x and ÷ signs correctly.</p> <p>Write multiplications and divisions, using x, ÷ and = signs; calculate answers.</p> <p>Understand that multiplication can be done in any order (commutative) and division cannot.</p> <p>Solve multiplication/division problems in context, using recall of x /÷ facts, doubling, halving, arrays, ‘clever counting’</p>

<p>Week 10</p> <p>Shape</p>	<p>Exploring shape properties</p>	<p>Recognise the difference between 2-D and 3-D shapes; name and describe common 2-D and 3-D shapes.</p>	<p>Identify/describe common 2-D shapes, referring to properties including on the surface of 3-D shapes; compare/sort 2-D shapes.</p> <p>Identify/describe common 3-D shapes, referring to no. of edges, vertices, faces (curved and flat); compare/sort 3-D shapes.</p> <p>36. Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.</p>
<p>Week 11</p> <p>Time and data</p>	<p>Telling the time</p> <p>Units of time; data handling</p>	<p>Tell the time to the half hour on analogue and digital clocks.</p> <p>Use the language of time including days, months, earlier, later, yesterday, minutes, hours, days, weeks and years.</p> <p>Sequence events in chronological order.</p>	<p>Tell/write the time on digital/analogue clocks to <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> past, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> past and <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> to the hour; draw hands on a clock face to show these times.</p> <p>Begin to tell and write the time on digital and analogue clocks to the nearest 5 minutes.</p> <p>Know number of minutes in an hour and hours in a day; use it to compare/ sequence intervals of time.</p> <p>Construct simple tables, pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams where unit scale is labelled in 1s or multiples of 2; interpret, ask and answer appropriate questions.</p>
<p>Week 12</p>			