| Autumn Term | Spelling Focus | Grammar Focus |
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| Week 1 | Spelling Assessment | Grammar Assessment |
| Week 2 | Learning to use a dictionary for different purposes -Locate and define words in the dictionary -Understand how alphabetical order works | Understanding the difference between character thought and character speech. How we expand noun phrases and use effective verbs |
| Week 3 | Learning to use a dictionary for different purposes -Locate and define words in the dictionary -Understand how alphabetical order works | Understanding the difference between character thought and character speech. How we expand noun phrases and use effective verbs |
| Week 4 | Learning to use a dictionary for different purposes -Use a dictionary to find alternative words -Use a dictionary to identify different word types | Focus on the speech of different characters, how we use speech to move a story along |
| Week 5 | Learning to use a dictionary for different purposes -Use a dictionary to find alternative words -Use a dictionary to identify different word types | Focus on the speech of different characters, how we use speech to move a story along, use speech marks and alternatives for said |
| Week 6 | Learning the difference between a prefix and suffix -Identifying spelling patterns within prefixes and how these change the meaning of words | Using speech marks and alternatives for said |
| Week 7 | Learning the difference between a prefix and suffix -Identifying spelling patterns within prefixes and how these change the meaning of words | Focus on comparative and superlative Multi-clause sentences |
| Week 8 | Assessment | Assessment |
| Week 9 | Learning what a suffix is, the different spelling patterns for them and how these change the meaning of words | Focus on nouns and pronouns |
| Week 10 | Learning what a suffix is, the different spelling patterns for them and how these change the meaning of words | Pronouns – using pronouns to avoid repetition or ambiguity and to add clarity and cohesion |
| Week 11 | To study the difference between the plural and possessive use of s | Person – understanding that writing can be third or first person |
| Week 12 | To identify when a word is plural and how we change the spelling of the word in order to show it is plural. Special rules within this such as removing an f and adding ves as in loaf to loaves | Focus on understanding how to group relevant material together in a paragraph |

| Week 13 | Identifying how and when we use apostrophes to show singular possession. Understanding the difference between apostrophes when used as a contraction and when used to show possession | Revise past and present tense. Introduce the idea of tense in verbs. Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past |
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| Week 14 | No SPaG lesson by this point due to Christmas production | Revise past and present tense. Introduce the idea of tense in verbs. Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past |

| Spring Term | Spelling Focus | Grammar Focus |
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| Week 1 | To explore homonyms which have the same spelling but multiple meanings and explain how the meanings can be distinguished in context, e.g. form (shape or document), wave (gesture, shape or motion) | Adding prefixes to nouns and revising basic sentence punctuation |
| Week 2 | To explore homonyms which have the same spelling but multiple meanings and explain how the meanings can be distinguished in context, e.g. form (shape or document), wave (gesture, shape or motion) | Use adjectives and expanded noun phrases to describe and specify |
| Week 3 | To distinguish between the spelling and meanings of common homophones, e.g. to/two/too; they're/their/there; piece/peace | Punctuating direct speech |
| Week 4 | To distinguish between the spelling and meanings of common homophones, e.g. to/two/too; they're/their/there; piece/peace | Using conjunctions to link clauses Identify and use conjunctions Identify main and subordinate clauses Write sentences with more than one clause |
| Week 5 | To distinguish between the spelling and meanings of common homophones, e.g. to/two/too; they're/their/there; piece/peace | Recognise that prepositions often start with adverbials of time and place |
| Week 6 | To spell regular verb endings s, ed, ing (link to grammar work on tenses | Using noun and pronouns Using singular and plural agreement |
| Week 7 | Assessment | Assessment |
| Week 8 | The ways in which nouns and adjectives. e.g. fix, simple, solid, drama, dead can be made into verbs by use of the | Using apostrophes to show possession |

| | suffixes ate, ify, etc.; investigate spelling patterns and generate rules to govern the patterns | |
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| Week 9 | The ways in which nouns and adjectives. e.g. fix, simple, solid, drama, dead can be made into verbs by use of the suffixes ate, ify, etc.; investigate spelling patterns and generate rules to govern the patterns | Adverbs and conjunctions expressing cause |
| Week 10 | To spell words with the common endings: ight, etc | Using apostrophes to show possession Using plural and possessive s |
| Week 11 | To spell words with the common endings: ight, etc | Using standard and non-standard verbs |
| Week 12 | To spell words ending in tion | Using standard and non-standard verbs |

| Summer Term | Spelling Focus | Grammar Focus |
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| Week 1 | To use the apostrophe to spell further contracted forms of words, e.g. couldn't | Adverbials of time-Fronted adverbials |
| Week 2 | To distinguish the two forms: its(possessive, no apostrophe) and it's (contracted 'it is') and to use these accurately in own writing | Adverbials of place and revising fronted adverbials |
| Week 3 | Assessment | Assessment |
| Week 4 | To distinguish the two forms: its(possessive, no apostrophe) and it's (contracted 'it is') and to use these accurately in own writing | Using commas with fronted adverbials |
| Week 5 | To spell words with common letter strings but different pronunciations, e.g. tough, through, trough, plough; hour, journey, could, route, four | Apostrophes to show possession and plural possessive |
| Week 6 | To spell words with common letter strings but different pronunciations, e.g. tough, through, trough, plough; hour, journey, could, route, four | Adverbials of time-fronted adverbials Adverbials of place and revising fronted adverbials |

| Week 7 | To spell two-syllable words containing double consonants, e.g. bubble, kettle, common | Revise word classes and introduce determiners |
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| Week 8 | Collect/classify words with common roots, e.g. advent, invent, prevent, press, pressure, depress, phone, telephone, microphone; investigate origins and meanings | Introducing possessive pronouns Revising capital letters |
| Week 9 | Collect/classify words with common roots, e.g. advent, invent, prevent, press, pressure, depress, phone, telephone, microphone; investigate origins and meanings | Revising direct speech Revising standard and non-standard verbs |
| Week 10 | To practise extending and compounding words through adding parts, e.g. ful, ly, ive, tion, ic, ist; revise and investigate links between meaning and spelling | Revising adjectives and word families |
| Week 11 | Revision of prefixes and suffixes in relation to how meaning changes | Studying prepositions, understanding their purpose and how they aid our understanding |
| Week 12 | To understand how diminutives are formed, e.g. suffixes: ette; prefixes: mini; adjectives, e.g. little; nouns, e.g. sapling; and nicknames, e.g. Jonesy | Studying prepositions, understanding their purpose and how they aid our understanding |